birthplace of Dr. Norman Bethune in Gravenhurst, Ont. Aug. 31, Statistics Canada reported that Canada had 295.2 million bushels (8 034 183 t) of wheat in storage when the crop year ended July 31, far below the average stockpile of about 587.4 million bushels (15 986 719 t).

September

Sept. 7. Finance Minister Donald Macdonald announced changes in the federal anti-inflation program aimed at lightening the burden on business; he warned that it would take time to bring inflation under control, and that pay controls would be tightened in 1977. Statistics Canada reported that education expenditures increased by 305% between 1962 and 1973, and that education costs would continue to rise despite falling enrolments. Sept. 8. Winnipeg economist June Menzies took up her new appointment as vice-chairman of the federal Anti-Inflation Board. Sept. 9. New Canada Savings Bonds would have a nine-year term with an average yield of 9.13%, Finance Minister Donald Macdonald announced. Sept. 14, Prime Minister Trudeau brought seven new ministers into his Cabinet and rearranged the responsibilities of nine others; three long-time ministers resigned: Mitchell Sharp, C.M. Drury and Bryce Mackasey. Sept. 15, Team Canada, a lineup of North American professionals, won the first Canada Cup international hockey tournament in Montreal with a 5-4 overtime victory over Czechoslovakia. Sept. 16, The Economic Council of Canada urged the federal government to introduce flexible rules that would promote increased competition and efficiency in the banking system. The third annual report of the BC Police Commission showed that the province had the worst crime rate in Canada despite increases in RCMP and municipal police forces. Sept. 18, Dr. Henry Morgentaler was acquitted by a jury for the third time on a charge of performing an illegal abortion. Sept. 21. In its annual report the federal Advisory Council on the Status of Women estimated that 60% of the recommendations made by the Royal Commission on the Status of Women in 1973 had still not been implemented. Sept. 23, A resolution was passed at the 22nd annual convention of the National Pensioners and Senior Citizens Federation to ask the federal government to set up a department of pensioners affairs. The International Energy Agency, a 19-country organization of non-communist industrialized countries, accused Canadians and Americans of wasting valuable energy resources because of relatively cheap fuel prices. Sept. 24, John Angus MacLean, a 25-year veteran of the House of Commons and one-time federal fisheries minister, was elected leader of the PC party of PEI. Sept. 27, The Anti-Inflation Board announced new regulations that more than doubled the number of firms required to notify the board of price changes before they take effect. External Affairs Minister Don Jamieson said that Canada finds repugnant and totally unacceptable Arabboycott-of-Israel measures that can affect Canadian business.

October

Oct. 2. Canada's 10 provincial premiers again failed to reach a consensus on the question of an amending formula for the BNA Act. Prime Minister Trudeau told a partisan audience in Toronto that Canada is in danger of breaking up over bilingualism unless the Liberals make major new efforts to rebuild the party outside Quebec. Oct. 5, The Supreme Court of Canada ruled that the death penalty is not a cruel and unusual penalty within the meaning of the Canadian Bill of Rights. Oct. 6, The Ontario government announced a new high school curriculum policy in response to growing public demand for more rigid standards in the province's schools. Oct. 7, The inflation rate rose by 0.5% to 6.5% in September as consumers began to feel the impact of higher prices for fuel oil and gasoline, Statistics Canada reported. Oct. 8, The Alberta Supreme Court awarded Irene Murdoch, symbol to the cause of women's rights, a \$65,000 divorce payment as half-interest in her estranged husband's ranch. Oct. 13, Defence Minister James Richardson became the fourth member of the federal cabinet to resign within a month. Oct. 14. The Canadian Labour Congress estimated that over 1 million workers participated in its day of protest against federal wage and price controls. Oct. 15, Ottawa announced the signing of a \$184-million contract 128 West German tanks with deliveries beginning in July 1978. Oct. 21, Manpower Minister Bud Cullen announced government plans for \$350 million worth of job-creation programs, described as the first stage of a five-year plan. Oct. 22, The Anti-Inflation Board claimed victory in holding the rate of inflation to 8% during the first year of wage and price controls. Oct. 25, The Indian Brotherhood of the Northwest Territories proposed an Indian government with status similar to that of a province for the west side of the Northwest Territories. Oct. 26, Prime Minister Trudeau returned to Ottawa following a six-day official visit to Japan. The federal government appointed 13 MPs to an allparty Commons sub-committee authorized to conduct a country-wide investigation of prisons and their problems. Oct. 27, The federal government introduced legislation that would give consumers more protection against unfair interest rates and give police new mechanisms to curtail loansharking. Minister Industry Jean announced that federally-owned Canadair Ltd. has been authorized to go ahead with a jet-building program that will create 3,000 new jobs and result in \$1 billion in exports.

November

Nov. 1, The Canadian Wheat Board announced that the Japanese government food agency had agreed to purchase 1.4 million metric tons of wheat and 900 000 t of barley from Canada during 1977. Nov. 2, Pierre Juneau, former chairman of the CRTC and former Minister of Communications, was appointed chairman of the National Capital Commission. Nov. 9, The unemployment rate for